WIDE CROWN STITCHER

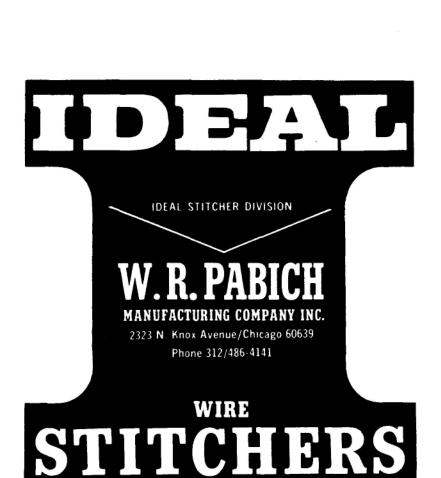
1 3/8 INCH CROWN .037 x .074 WIRE

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

AND PARTS MANUAL

Conforms to OSHA requirements in the U.S.A.

FOR INSTALLATION/MAINTENANCE/ADJUSTMENT



STANDARD & SPECIAL MACHINES AND STITCHING WIRE

IMPORTANT

THE IDE	AL STITCHER FURNISI	HED YOU IS A
Model		
Serial No.		
Wire Size		
Crown Width		
Cutter Blade Size _		
Motor:	HP	RPM PHASE
please	ordering parts or request supply the information o d a sample of the staple	outlined above
e CROWN of a staple is	s measured INSIDE the le	gs.
ſ	The leg LE	NGTH is measured top to botto

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

EXAMINATION: Before uncrating, examine your stitcher for any visible damage in transit. If damaged, **do not uncrate the machine.** Notify the carrier or trucking company and your Ideal Stitcher representative.

UNCRATING STITCHER: (A) Remove the end of the crate at which the motor is located. (B) Remove the two bolts which hold the base of the stitcher to bottom of crate. (C) Remove the cross brace which holds the stitcher in position in upper half of the crate. (D) Pull the stitcher from the crate by grasping the heavy cast iron column and motor bracket, or pull on the pulley guard.

AFTER THE MACHINE IS REMOVED from the crate, DO NOT PULL OR PUSH ON THE POST OR ARM OF THE STITCHER, as this can put the clincher block out of adjustment.

LOCATION FOR STITCHER: Place it on a level and solid footing to prevent excessive vibration. This is necessary when the machine is not bolted to the floor.

CHECK MOTOR: The type of motor for your machine was specified on your purchase order. Check the motor specification plate before connecting the stitcher to electric current.

LUBRICATION: When the machine is shipped from our factory, it is coated with an oil base rust preventitive, which need not be cleaned prior to operation. Your stitcher should be lubricated at all oiling points indicated in red on the machine. Use SAE 20 Oil for all lubrication. The machine should be oiled at least once, with a few drops of oil, every 8 operating hours.

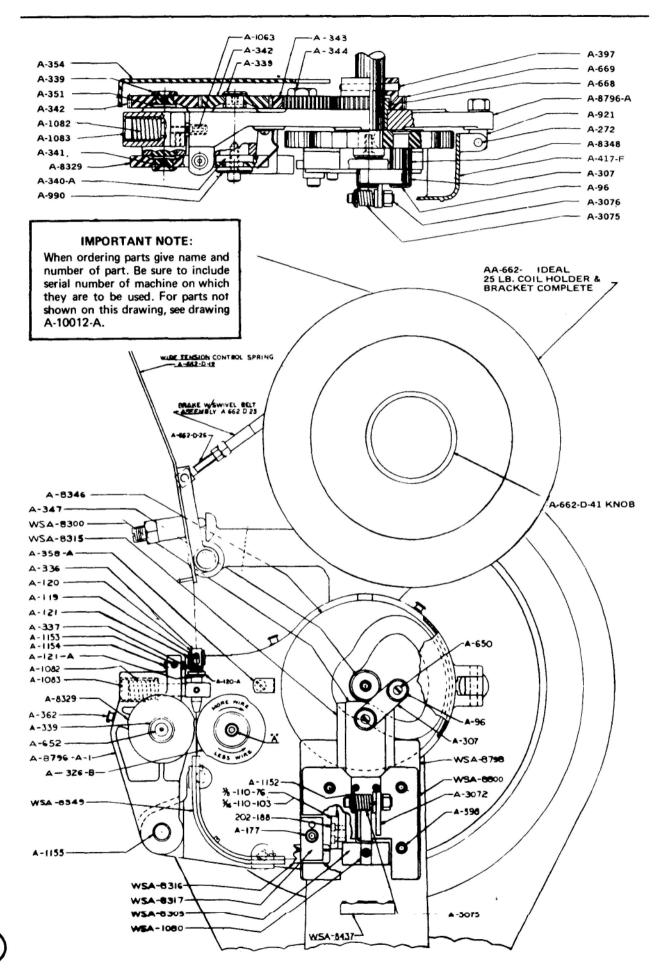
THE MOTOR should not be oiled until the first 2000 hours of operation have been completed; and then every 1000 hours thereafter.

MOUNTING THE WIRE SPOOL BRACKET: After removing the wire spool, bracket, and spool holder from the crate, mount your wire spool bracket as shown on drawing A 10012-A (page 3). There are 2 hexagon head screws furnished with the bracket for mounting.

TO INSTALL WIRE ON THIS SPOOL HOLDER, push and turn hand wheel knob (A 662-D41) on coil holder 1/4 turn. This will allow front flange (A 662-D36) to be removed. Place the coil of wire over the coil holder spindle. Be sure that the wire will unravel from the TOP of the coil. Replace the front flange, pushing on hand knob and turning 1/4 turn until it locks in place. Cut binding wires or tape holding the end of the wire, so that the coil does not unravel. Cut approximately 6 inches of wire from the end, so that you have a straight piece of wire to lead down around the wire tension control spring (Part No. A 662-D12), and into the wire check (AA 336); as shown on drawing A 10011-A (page 2). It will be necessary to push down on the wire check collar (Part No. A 120) which releases the 2 wire check pins (A 119), allowing the wire to be threaded down between the pins; and then between the feed wheels. and into the curved wire feed tube (Part No. AA 349); then through the cutter tube (Part No. A 8316), See that the wire runs through the machine until it emerges a few inches from the right hand side of the head.

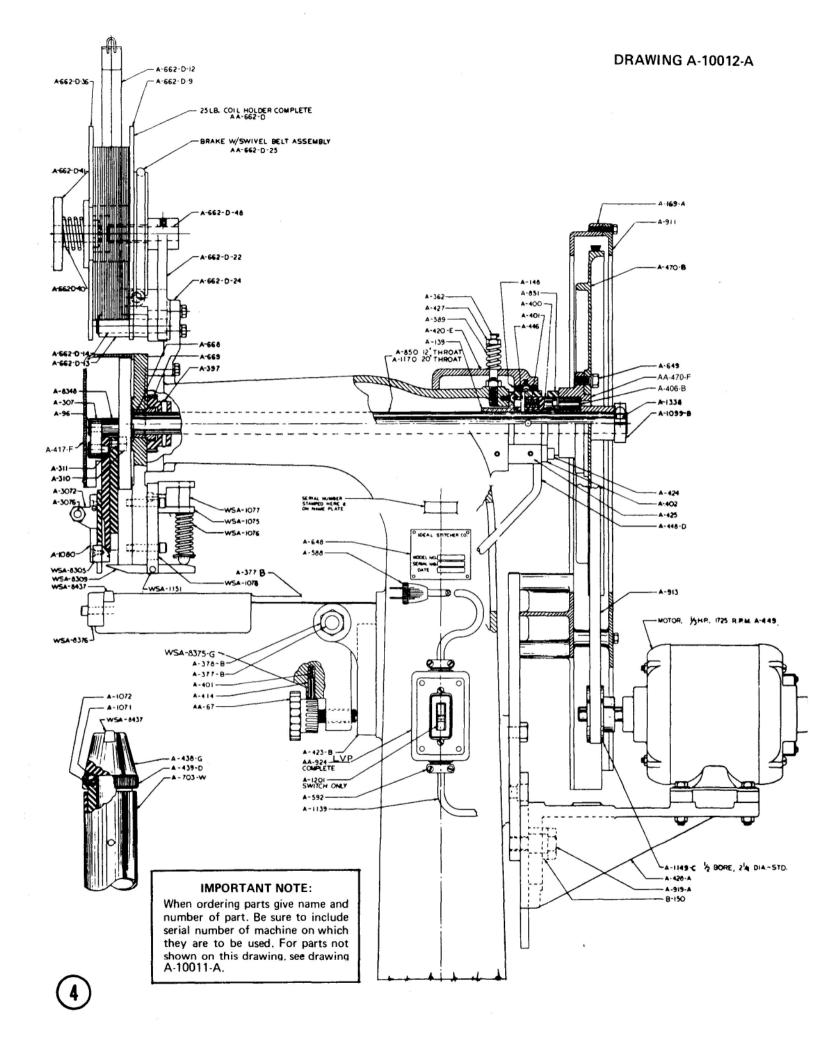
PROCEDURE TO START STITCHING: Machine is set at the factory to stitch 2 thicknesses of 275 point board, or the particular sample submitted by the customer. Switch on power and place scrap piece of corrugated material on top of clincher block. Step on pedal to make one staple, so that the surplus piece of wire in the machine, is ejected. Stitcher is now ready for operation.

PLACE BOX OVER POST: Press down on foot pedal gradually until post is located in an upright position. Then press pedal down the rest of the way to engage the clutch. The machine will continue to stitch until the pedal is raised, disengaging the main pulley from the clutch. Removal of the foot from the pedal, allows the post to come forward, so that the box can be removed.



PARTS LIST FROM DRAWING A-10011-A

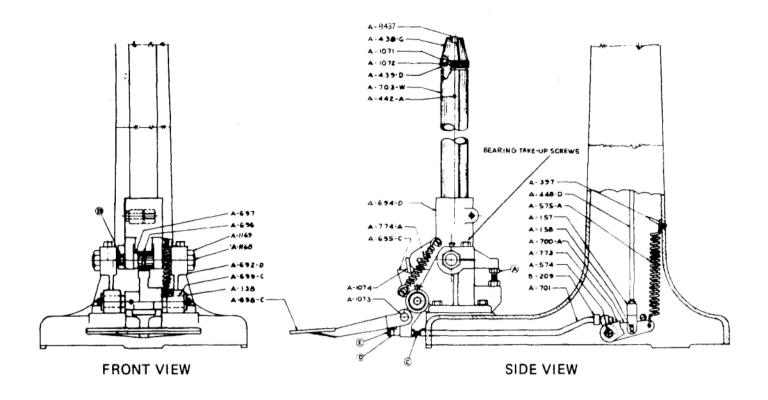
A-96	Connection Washer	A-662-D44	Cam, Spool Lock
A-119	Wire Check Pin	A-668	Head Plate Bushing
A-120	Check Sleeve	A-669	Head Drive Gear
A-120-A	Check Washer	A-921	Cam Guard Stud
A-121	Check Pin Retainer	A-990	R. H. Feed Wheel Washer
A-121-A	Check Spring Retainer	A-1063	Feed Roll Hinge Stop
A-177	Cutter Tube Clamp Screw	WSA 1080	Anvil Post, Wide Crown
A-272	Cam Guard Hinge Pin	A-1082	Feed Roll Hinge Spring
A-307	Driver Connection	A-1083	Feed Roll Shoulder Bolt
A-326-B	R. H. Feed Wheel	A-1152	Washer
A-336	Wire Check Body	A-1153	Feed Roll Hinge Set Screw
AA-336-2	Wire Check Complete	A-1154	Feed Roll Hinge Screw
A-337	Wire Check Spring	A-1155	Feed Roll Hinge Pin
A-339	Feed Wheel Washer L. H.	A-3072	Anvil Bracket
A-340-A	R. H. Feed Wheel Shaft		(Anvil in front of machine)
A-341	L. H. Feed Wheel Shaft	A-3075	Anvil Spring
A-342	Feed Wheel Gear	A-3076	Anvil Spring Stud
A-343	Head Idler Gear	WSA 8300	Driver 1-3/8" Wide Crown Stitcher
A-344	Head Idler Gear Screw	WSA 8305	Anvil
A-347	Former Cam Retaining Washer	WSA 8315	Former W. Roller & Pin
A-351	Feed Wheel Gear Pin	WSAA 8315	Former & Driver Assy.
A-354	Head Gear Guard	WSA 8316	Cutter Tube
A-358-A	Cam Guard Cover Latch	WSA 8317	Cutter Tube Clamp
A-362	1/4" Drive Oiler	A 8329	L. H. Feed Wheel Former Cam
A-397	Feed Drive Gear Pin	A-8346 A-8348	Former Cam Stud
A-417-F	Cam Cover, Standard L. H. Head	WSA 8349	Wire Guide
A-598	Face Plate Screws	WSA 8437	Clincher Block
A-650	Driver Connection Screw	A-8796-A	Standard L. H. Head Plate
A-652	Feed Wheel Washer Screw	A-8796-A1	L. H. Feed Roll Hinge
AA-662-D	25# Coil Holder complete	WSA 8798	Slide Box
	with Mounting Bracket	WSA 8800	Face Plate
A-662-D12	Spring, Wire Tension Control	110-76	3/8" Cutter Blade
A-662-D25	Belt Assembly, Brake with Swivel	110-103	5/16" Cutter Blade
A-662-D26	Stud & Lock Nut, Brake Tension Swivel	202-188	Cutter Blade Screws



PARTS LIST FROM DRAWING A-10012-A

AA-67	Clinches Arm Adication Knob	A-662-D22	Main Casting
A-96	Clincher Arm Adjusting Knob Driver Connection Washer	A-662-D24	Spool Bracket Mounting
A-30 A-139	,	A-662-D25	Brake with Swivel Assembly
A-139 A-148	Shaft Bushing, Rear	A-662-D36	Face Plate
, , , , ,	Brake Shoe Lining	A-662-D40	Face Plate Release Spring
B-150 A-169-A	Motor Bracket Washer	A-662-D41	Face Plate Release Knob
A-109-A A-307	Drive Pulley Guard	A-662-D48	Main Spool Shaft
A-307 A-310	Driver Connection Former Roller	A-668	Head Plate Bushing
A-310 A-311		A-669	Head Drive Gear
A-311 A-362	Former Roller Pin Oiler	A-703-W	Clincher Post for 12" Throat Machine
A-302 A-377-B		A-703-X	Clincher Post for 20" Throat Machine
	Clincher Arm Fulcrum Bolt	A 850	Drive Shaft approximately 23" long
A-397	Feed Drive Gear Pin #4 Taper x 2" Long	A 650	for 12" Throat Machine
A-399	Adjusting Knob Lock Nut	A 851	Clutch Hub with A-446 Guide Stud
A-400	Clutch Pin	A-911	Drive Pulley Guard Cover
A-401	Clutch Pin Spring	A-913	Vee Belt
A-402	Clutch Plate	A-918	Motor Base Support
A-406-B	Drive Pulley Pins (2 required)	A-919-2	Motor Base Stud
A-417-F	Cam Cover	AA924LVP	Low Voltage Switch and Relay
A-420-D	Brake Shoe	A-1071	Clincher Head Stop Ball
AA-420-D	Brake Shoe with Lining	A-1072	Clincher Head Stop Ball Spring
A-424	Clutch Release Latch Pin	WSA 1075	Supporter Plunger Bracket
A-425	Clutch Plate Collar	WSA 1076	Supporter Plunger Spring
A-427	Brake Adjusting Screw and Oiler	WSA 1077	Supporter Plunger
A-428-A	Motor Bracket	WSA 1078	Supporter Plunger Bracket Plate
A-438-G	Clincher Block Holder	A 1080	Anvil Post
A-439-D	Clincher Block Adjusting Nut	A-1099-B	Shaft End Clamp Collar
A-446	Clutch Pin Guide Stud	A-1149-C	Motor Pulley 1/2" Bore, 2-1/4" O.D.
A-448-D	Clutch Trip Rod	WSA 1151	Supporter Pin
A-449	1/3 HP 60 Cycle Single Phase 115 VAC Motor	A-1170	Drive Shaft, approximately 32-1/8" long for 20" Throat Machine
A-470-B	Main Drive Pulley	A-1338	Lock Screw for Clamp Collar
AA-470-F	Drive Pulley Hub with 2 A-406 Pins	A-3072	Anvil Bracket
A-589	Brake Shoe Spring	A-3076	Anvil Spring Stud
A-649	Pulley Hub Screw	WSA 8305	Anvil
AA-662-D	25# Coil Holder complete	WSA 8309	Supporter
70.002.5	with Motor Bracket	A-8346	Former Cam
A-662-D9	Rear Plate	A-8348	Former Cam Stud
A-662-D12	Wire Tension Spring	WSA 8375 G	Clincher Arm for 12" Throat Machine
A-662-D13	Braking Block	WSA 8376	Clincher Arm Clamp
A-662-D14	Braking Block Shaft	WSA 8437	Clincher Block

DRAWING A-10009-AB



PARTS LIST FOR DRAWING A-10009-AB

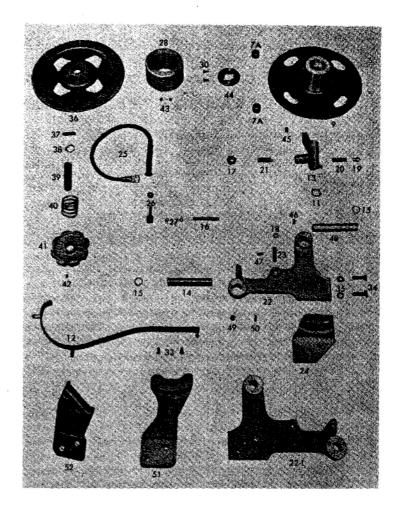
A-138	Washer	A-697	Cam Roll Bushing
A-157	Clevis—Clutch Rod	A-698-C	Treadle
A-158	Clevis Pin—Clutch Rod	A-699-C	Treadle Shaft
B-209	Set Collar	A-700-A	Clutch Shifter Rod Arm
A-397	Taper Pin #4 x 2"	A-701	Clutch Operating Rod
A-437	Clincher Block	A-703-W	Clincher Post
A-438-G	Clincher Block Holder	A-773	Clutch Shifter Arm Stop Lever
A-439-D	Clincher Block Adjusting Nut	A-774-A	Clincher Post Spring
A-448-D	Clutch Shifter Rod	A-1071	Ball-Clinch Block Adjusting Nut
A-574	Clutch Shifter Shaft	A-1072	Spring Clinch Block Adjusting Nut
A-575-A	Shifter Rod Arm Spring	A-1073	Treadle Pin
A-692-D	Clincher Post Base	A-1074	Pin to hold Post in Stitching Position
A-694-D	Clincher Post Bracket		(Use for Stitching Flat Work Only)
A-695-C	Clincher Post Cam	A-1168	Clincher Post Bracket Trunnion
A-696	Clincher Post Cam Roll	A-1169	Hex Nuts for Trunnion (2 required)

AA-662D / 25 POUND CONTROLLED WIRE COIL HOLDER

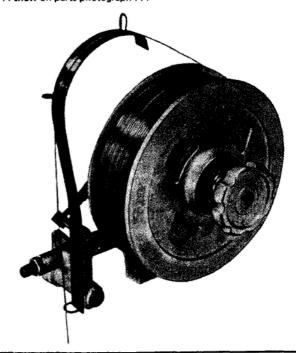
Can also be used with 5 and 10 pound coils.

	0.00
A-662-D-7A	Bearing, Oilite
A-662-D-9	Rear Plate, Spool Holder
A-662-D-11	Lock Washer, Main Shaft
A-662-D-12	Spring, Wire Tension Control
A-662-D-13	Braking Block, Tension Spring
A-662-D-14	Shaft, Braking Block
A-662-D-15	Lock Ring, Main and Block Shaft
A-662-D-16	Stud, Brake Swivel Connecting
A-662-D-17	Lock Nut, Brake Tension Adjusting Screw
A-662-D-18	Lock Ring, Brake Belt Anchor Stud
A-662-D-19	Plunger, Brake Tension Spring
A-662-D-20	Spring, Brake Tension
A-662-D-21	Screw, Brake Tension Adjusting
A-662-D-22	Main Casting, Spool Bracket (R.H.)
A-662-D-22L	Main Casting, Spool Bracket (L.H.)
A-662-D-23	Stud, Brake Belt Anchor
A-662-D-24	Mount, Spool Bracket (Inland)*
A-662-D-25	Belt Assembly, Brake w/Swivel
A-662-D-26	Stud and Lock Nut, Brake Tension Swivel
A-662-D-27	Lock Ring, Brake Swivel Stud
A-662-D-28	Spacer, 3-3/4" Core
A-662-D-30	Screw, Flat Head (2-1/2" Core)
A-662-D-31	Screw, Flat Head (3-3/4" Core)
A-662-D-33	Screw, Flat Head
A-662-D-34	Cap Screw, Hex Head (Inland 2" length) (Bliss 1-1/2" length)
A-662-D-35	Lock Washer
A-662-D-36	Face Plate, Spool Holder
A-662-D-37	Roll Pin, Face Plate Release Assy.
A-662-D-38	Lock Ring, Face Plate Release Assy.
A-662-D-39	Shaft, Face Plate Release Assy.
A-662-D-40	Spring, Face Plate Release Assy.
A-662-D-41	Knob, Face Plate Release Assy.
A-662-D-41	Set Screw, Knob
A-662-D-43	Set Screw, Knob Set Screw, Spacer (3-3/4" Core)
A-662-D-44	Cam, Spool Lock
A-662-D-45	Set Screw, Brake Swivel Connecting Stud
A-662-D-46	Set Screw, Main Shaft
A-662-D-47	Set Screw, Brake Belt Anchor Stud
A-662-D-48	Shaft, Main Spool
A-662-D-49	Set Screw, Brake Block Shaft
A-662-D-50	Roll Pin, Block Stop
A-662-D-51	Mount, Spool Bracket

A-662-D-52 Mount, Spool Bracket



Numbers following the D letters on parts list . . . show on parts photograph . . .



STITCHER ADJUSTMENT AND MINOR REPAIR PROCEDURE

STAPLE LEG ADJUSTMENT. The standard leg length is approximately 9/16" when the machine is shipped from the factory. This accommodates anywhere from two to four thicknesses of single wall corrugated. For proper stitching, the legs of the staple should be equal. The length of the left leg is determined by the thickness of the cutter blade, part No. 110-103 (A 8304). The length of the right leg is controlled by the right hand feed wheel, A 326-B, which also controls the total length of wire fed into the machine, used to make a staple.

IF THE RIGHT LEG IS TOO LONG, then the feed wheel lock screw is loosened and the feed wheel turned proportionately towards less wire so that the right leg of the staple will be reduced. If the right leg is too short, then the opposite procedure is used, with the right hand feed wheel being turned towards "More Wire." This wheel is shown on drawing A-10011-A.

IF THE STAPLE LEG SIZE IS TO BE CHANGED, it is not only necessary to change the cutter blade thickness, but also adjust the wire feed so that the right leg will be changed accordingly.

CLINCHER BLOCK ADJUSTMENT. With the switch turned off and the post in position, place a sample of the work to be stitched on top of the clincher block. Step on the foot pedal and slowly turn the pulley by hand to engage the clutch, which will move the former and driver mechanism downward. When this mechanism is at its lowest point, the material should be held snugly between the clincher block and the end of the former. If it is too tight, you can lower the clincher block by unlocking the lock screw in the knurled clincher block adjusting nut, part No. A 439-D. If it is too loose, bring the clincher block adjusting nut up so that the material is compressed enough to hold the material firmly. Remove foot from pedal and continue to turn pulley until machine is in its neutral position.

IF MACHINE IS NOW TURNED ON, a clicking noise may result. Drive one stitch by power with material in place to catch the staple. Clicking noise, which was due to turning machine over by hand, will disappear.

cutter tube, be certain that the machine is in the idle position, with the FORMER and DRIVER at the highest point of its travel. Insert the tube with the lower slotted side toward the back of the machine. Push the cutter tube into the head of the machine until it touches the CUTTER BLADE. Hold lightly in that position when tightening the cutter tube lock screw A 177 securely.

IF THE MACHINE REPEATS. The brake shoe or band is wearing or has loosened up. To eliminate this trouble, merely tighten the brake screw or band, part No. A 427.

IF THE CLUTCH PIN CLICKS AFTER THE MACHINE IS OPERATING, the brake shoe or band is too tight or too loose. Loosen up a bit on the brake adjusting screw, part No. A 427 so that the oil hole in the clutch, part No. A 851 is pointed directly upward.

PROPER BRAKING. When the machine is braking properly, the oil hole in the clutch hub, part No. A 851, will stop at the top.

IF A STRAIGHT PIECE OF WIRE or a partially formed staple falls out of the machine on to the box, this is usually caused by the anvil torsion spring being loose so that the anvil kicks forward prematurely at the moment of cut off. This is corrected by turning stud No. A 3076 to exert more tension on to the spring. To do this, insert an Allen wrench into the left hand side of the anvil spring stud and hold it firmly while the nut on the right hand side is loosened with a wrench. When the nut is loose, you can push the Allen wrench downward approximately a quarter turn and hold it in that position while the nut is retightened. Do not exert too much pressure, as you will shorten the overall length of the spring, reducing its effectiveness. If the spring has become set or overwound, it will be necessary to replace it with a new spring.

IF THE CROWN OF THE STAPLE cracks at the corners, this can be caused by too much compression due to the clincher block being too high or possibly having the corner of the driver end chipped. Reduce the compression of the staple by lowering the clincher block slightly. If this does not remedy the condition, check the end of the driver that pushes the staple through the material.

IF BOTH LEGS OF THE STAPLE are spread out so far that they miss the clincher block, it is caused by the grooves in the former having become worn.

IF ONE LEG MISSES the clincher block, it may be that the clincher block is out of line or that there is a burr on the wire at the time the wire is cut off, which diverts the leg as it travels through the material.

TO LINE UP THE CLINCHER BLOCK with the staple, turn the power to off position, step on the pedal and while the post is in an upright position, slowly turn the flywheel in the direction of the arrow until the former mechanism moves to its lowest position and slowly continue to turn the flywheel until the staple legs emerge out of the former. See that the legs are captured by the curvature of the clincher block. If the clincher block is to one side, loosen the clincher block locking screw and move the clincher block accordingly. Tighten the screw firmly after the block is lined up.

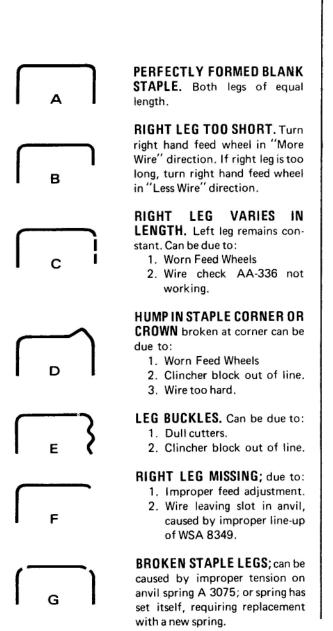
THIS CHART CAN BE YOUR "FIRST AID"

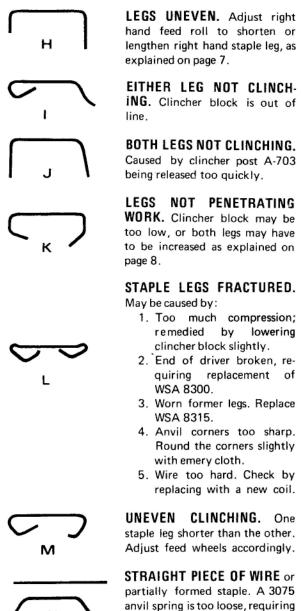
in quickly solving reasons for imperfect stitches and making the right adjustment for improving the stitching operation. Most stitching defects are caused by improper adjustments. These staple illustrations will tell you what is wrong. Keeping a most perfect staple will result in better stitching.

For illustration purposes, staples are shown with straight legs. Actually, blank staples made on a machine will have the legs of the staple spread out, due to the inherent springback characteristic contained in the wire. In the actual stitching operation, the material being stapled will support the legs as soon as they protrude out of the former; so that the staple legs will penetrate straight through the material and contact the clincher block

CAUTION: Before analyzing defective stitches,

check for correct wire dimensions.





replacement (if spring has set

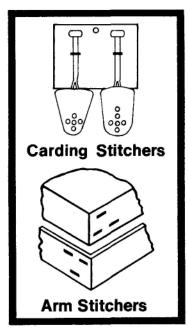
itself due to too much tension).



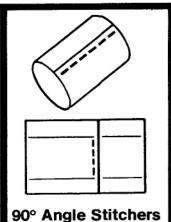
W. R. PABICH MFG. CO. INC.

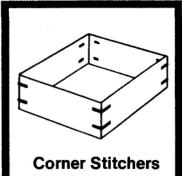
2323 N. Knox Avenue, Chicago, IL 60639 Phone: 312/486-4141

TWX 910 221 5345 (Our answer back is "IDEAL SEAL CGO." Our cable address outside of the U.S., Mexico and Canada is "IDEAL SEAL.")

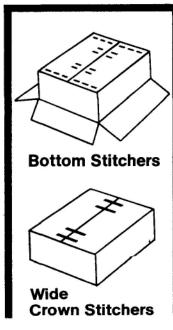


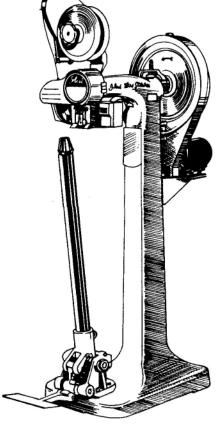


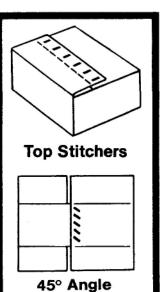




Custom designed stitchers







Stitchers